DAP®	Material Safety Data	An RPM Company	24 Hour Emergency Phone Numbers: Medical/Poison Control: In U.S.: Call 1-800-222-1222 Outside U.S.: Call your local poison control center Transportation/National Response Center: 1-800-535-5053 1-352-323-3500
	Sheet		• NOTE: The National Response Center emergency numbers to • be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a • spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals.
IMPORTANT: Provide this is	nformation to employees, c	ustomers, and users of this prod	uct. Read this MSDS before handling or disposing of

**IMPORTANT:** Provide this information to employees, customers, and users of this product. Read this MSDS before handling or disposing of this product. This product is covered by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and this document has been prepared in accordance with requirements of this standard. All abbreviated terms used in this MSDS are further described in Section 16.

# Section 1 - Chemical Product / Company Information

This Material Safety Data Sheet is available in American Spanish upon request. Los Datos de Serguridad del Producto pueden obtenerse en Espanol si lo riquiere.

Product Name:	Flexible Floor Patch & Leveler
Product UPC Number:	070798591844, 070798591905
Product Use/Class:	Concrete Repair
Manufacturer:	DAP Products Inc.
	2400 Boston Street Suite 200
	Baltimore, MD 21224-4723
	888-327-8477 (non-emergency matters)

<b>Revision Date:</b>	04/12/2013
Supersedes:	08/10/2010
MSDS Number:	00079729001

# Section 2 - Hazards Identification

**Emergency Overview:** A(n) gray paste product with a little or no odor. WARNING! May cause eye, skin, nose, throat and respiratory tract irritation. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin.

Refer to other MSDS sections for other detailed information.

**Effects Of Overexposure - Eye Contact:** May cause eye irritation. Signs and symptoms may include: pain, tears, swelling, redness and blurred vision.

Effects Of Overexposure - Skin Contact: Harmful if absorbed through the skin. May cause skin irritation. May cause dry skin.

Effects Of Overexposure - Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled.

Effects Of Overexposure - Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may result in obstruction when material hardens.

**Effects Of Overexposure - Chronic Hazards:** Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause irritation and possibly dermatitis. Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause skin, respiratory, kidney and liver damage.

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite that is inhaled from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1- carcinogenic to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (published in June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these materials. The National Toxicology Program (NTP) classifies respirable crystalline silica as "known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (Group A2).

### 00079729001English

Breathing dust containing respirable crystalline silica may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may have the following serious chronic health effects: Excessive inhalation of respirable dust can cause pneumoconiosis, a respiratory disease, which can result in delayed, progressive, disabling and sometimes fatal lung injury. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness and reduced pulmonary function. Smoking exacerbates this disease. Individuals with pneumoconiosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis. There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by fibrosis of the lungs, skin and other internal organs) and kidney disease.

### Primary Route(s) Of Entry: Skin Contact, Inhalation, Eye Contact

**Medical Conditions which May be Aggravated by Exposure:** Asthma and asthma-like conditions may worsen from prolonged and repeated exposure.

### Carcinogenicity:

CAS No.	Chemical Name	ACGIH	OSHA	IARC	NTP
14808-60-7	Quartz	Suspected human carcinogen.	Not Listed.	Carcinogenic to humans.	Known To Be Human Carcinogen.
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	Not Listed.	Not Listed.	Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	Not Listed.

Section 3 - Composition / Information On Ingredients				
Chemical Name	CASRN	Wt%		
Quartz	14808-60-7	40-70		
Limestone	1317-65-3	5-10		
Clay	1332-58-7	3-7		
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	0.1-1.0		
Potassium oxide	12030-88-5	< 0.03		

## Section 4 - First Aid Measures

**First Aid - Eye Contact:** In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes until irritation subsides. Get medical attention immediately.

First Aid - Skin Contact: Remove and wash contaminated clothing. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.

**First Aid - Inhalation:** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued breathing difficulty is experienced, get medical attention immediately.

First Aid - Ingestion: If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Get medical attention immediately.

Note to Physician: None.

COMMENTS: If over-exposure occurs, call your poison control center at 1-800-222-1222.

## Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

Unusual Fire And Explosion Hazards: No special protective measures against fire required.

Special Firefighting Procedures: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (NIOSH approved or

# Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

equivalent) and full protective gear. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces.

**Steps To Be Taken If Material Is Released Or Spilled:** Wear proper protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Use absorbent material or scrape up dried material and place in container.

# Section 7 - Handling And Storage

**Handling:** KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN! DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Ensure fresh air entry during application and drying. Do not inhale dusts of this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Storage:** Close container after each use. Do not store at temperatures above 120 degrees F. Store containers away from excessive heat and freezing. Store away from caustics and oxidizers.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection								
Chemical Name	CASRN	ACGIH TWA	ACGIH STEL	ACGIH CEIL	OSHA TWA	OSHA STEL	OSHA CEIL	Skin
Quartz	14808-60-7	0.025 MGM.	N.E.	N.E.	10/(%SiO2 + 2) MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	No
Limestone	1317-65-3	10 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	5 MGM3 (respirable fraction)	N.E.	N.E.	No
Clay	1332-58-7	2 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	5 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	No
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	10 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	15 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	No
Potassium oxide	12030-88-5	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	No

### Exposure Notes:

14808-60-7 The 2002 ACGIH Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents lists the median Respirable Particulate Mass (RPM) point for crystalline silica at 4.0 microns in terms of the particle's aerodynamic diameter.

The TLVs for crystalline silica represent the respirable fraction.

OSHA PEL TWA for Quartz is calculated using the following formula: 10 mg/m3/(% SiO2 + 2). Both concentration and percent quartz for the application of this limit are to be determined from the fraction passing a size selector with the following characteristics.

Aerodynamic diameter ( unit o	density sphere)  Percent passing selector
2	
3.5	
10	0

**Precautionary Measures:** Contact lenses pose a special hazard; soft lenses may absorb and all lenses concentrate irritants.

**Engineering Controls:** Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Local ventilation of emission sources may be necessary to maintain ambient concentrations below recommended exposure limits. If dry-sanding, provide sufficient mechanical ventilation to maintain exposure below PEL and TLV.

**Respiratory Protection:** In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. A NIOSH-approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be necessary under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. A respiratory protection program that meets the OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. Use an approved NIOSH/OSHA respirator if dry sanded.

### 00079729001English

National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) has recommended that the permissible exposure limit be changed to 50 micrograms respirable free silica per cubic meter of air (0.05 mg/m3) as determined by a full shift sample up to 10-hour work shift.

Skin Protection: Rubber gloves.

Eye Protection: Goggles or safety glasses with side shields.

Other protective equipment: Not required under normal use.

Hygienic Practices: Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Important: Listed Permissible Exposure Levels (PEL) are from the U.S. Dept. of Labor OSHA Final Rule Limits (CFR 29 1910.1000); these limits may vary between states.

Note: An employee's skin exposure to substances having a "YES" in the "SKIN" column in the table above shall be prevented or reduced to the extent necessary under the circumstances through the use of gloves, coveralls, goggles or other appropriate personal protective equipment, engineering controls or work practices.

# Section 9 - Physical And Chemical Properties

**Boiling Range:** 210 - 220 F Odor: Little or None Color: Grav Solubility in H2O: Not Established Freeze Point: Not Established Not Established Vapor Pressure: Physical State: Paste Flash Point, F: Greater than 200 Lower Explosive Limit, %: Not Determined

Vapor Density: Odor Threshold: Evaporation Rate: Specific Gravity: pH: Viscosity: Flammability: Method: Upper Explosive Limit, %:Not Determined

Heavier Than Air Not Established Slower Than n-Butyl Acetate 1.84 - 1.84 Between 7.0 and 12.0 Not Established Non-Flammable (Seta Closed Cup)

When reported, vapor pressure of this product has been calculated theoretically based on its constituent makeup and has not been determined experimentally.

(See section 16 for abbreviation legend)

# Section 10 - Stability And Reactivity

Conditions To Avoid: Excessive heat and freezing.

**Incompatibility:** Incompatible with strong bases and oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Normal decomposition products, i.e., COx, NOx.

**Hazardous Polymerization:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Product LD50: Not Established

Product LC50: Not Established

No toxicological information is available.

Significant Data with Possible Relevance to Humans: None.

### Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecological Information: Ecological injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

# Section 13 - Disposal Information

**Disposal Information:** Dispose of material in accordance with all federal, state and local regulations. State and Local regulations/restrictions are complex and may differ from Federal regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste.

### EPA Waste Code if Discarded (40 CFR Section 261): None.

# Section 14 - Transportation Information

DOT Proper Shipping Name:	Not Regulated.	Packing Group:	N.A.
DOT Technical Name:	N.A.	Hazard Subclass:	N.A.
DOT Hazard Class:	N.A.	DOT UN/NA Number:	N.A.

## Section 15 - Regulatory Information

### **CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category:**

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Immediate Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

### SARA Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

None

### **Toxic Substances Control Act:**

All ingredients in this product are either on TSCA inventory list, or otherwise exempt.

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

None

#### New Jersey Right-to-Know:

The following materials are non-hazardous, but are among the top five components in this product:

Chemical Name	CAS Number
Water	7732-18-5
Styrene-acrylic latex polymer	Proprietary

### Pennsylvania Right-to-Know:

The following non-hazardous ingredients are present in the product at greater than 3%:

00079729001English		Page 6 of 6
Chemical Na	ime	CAS Number
Water	7	7732-18-5
Styrene-acrylic latex polymer	Ī	Proprietary

#### **California Proposition 65:**

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

# Section 16 - Other Information

HMIS Ratin	igs:				
Health: 1	Flammability: 1	Reactivity: 0	Personal Protection: X		
Volatile Org	ganic Compounds (VOC), less wat	er less exempts: g/L: 1	9.0 lb/gal: 0.16 wt:wt%: 0.8		
Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC), less water less exempts, less LVP-VOCs: wt:wt%: 0.4					
REASON FO	OR REVISION: Periodic Update				
Legend:	N.A. – Not Applicable	ACGIH – American	Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists		
	N.E. – Not Established	SARA – Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986			
	N.D. – Not Determined	NJRTK – New Jersey Right-to-Know Law			
	VOC – Volatile Organic Compound	OSHA – Occupational Safety and Health Administration			
	PEL – Permissible Exposure Limit	HMIS – Hazardous Materials Identification System			
	TLV – Threshold Limit Value	NTP – National Toxicology Program			
	CEIL – Ceiling Exposure Limit	STEL – Short Term Exposure Limit			
	LD50 – Lethal Dose 50	LC50 – Lethal Co	incentration 50		
	F – Degree Fahrenheit	MSDS – Material	Safety Data Sheet		
	C – Degree Celsius	CASRN – The Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number			

DAP believes the data and statements contained herein are accurate as of the date hereof. They are offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE WITH REGARD TO THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS. Since this document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate use and precautionary handling of the referenced product by a properly trained person, it is therefore the responsibility of the user to (i) review the recommendations with due consideration for the specific context of the intended use and (ii) determine if they are appropriate.

<End of MSDS>